



Application for Cold War Veterans Exemption from Real Property Taxation

See instructions, Form RP-458-b-I, for assistance in completing this form.

1. Name(s) of owner(s)		
2. Mailing address of owner(s) (number and street or PO box)		3. Location of property (street address)
City, village, or post office	State	ZIP code
City, town, or village		State
Date of purchase of real property		ZIP code
Daytime contact number	Evening contact number	
Email address		Tax map number of section/block/lot: Property identification (see tax bill or assessment roll)
Name(s) of any non-owner spouse(s)		
Address(es) of primary residence(s) if different from above:		

4. Is the owner a veteran who served in the active military, naval, or air service of the United States between September 2, 1945 and December 26, 1991? Yes No

If No, indicate the relationship of the owner to veteran who rendered such service: _____

If Yes, is the veteran also the unremarried surviving spouse of a veteran? Yes No

5. Indicate branch of veteran's service and dates of active service: _____
Attach written evidence.

6. Was the veteran discharged or released from the active service under honorable conditions? Yes No
If Yes, attach written evidence.

If No, did the veteran receive a letter from the New York State Division of Veterans' Services stating that the veteran now meets the character discharge criteria for all of the benefits and services listed in the Restoration of Honor Act? Yes No

If Yes, attach a copy of the letter.

7. Has the veteran received, or did the veteran receive prior to his/her death, a compensation rating from the United States Veteran's Administration or from the United States Department of Defense as a result of a service connected disability? Yes No

If Yes, what is (was) the veteran's compensation rating? _____
Attach written evidence showing the date such rate was established.

Mark an X in the box if the rating is permanent:

If No, did the veteran die in service of a service connected disability or in the line of duty; if Yes, attach written evidence Yes No

8. Is the property the primary residence of the veteran or the unremarried surviving spouse of the veteran? Yes No
If No, is the veteran or unremarried surviving spouse of the veteran absent from the property due to medical reasons or institutionalization? Yes No

Explain: _____

9. Is the property used exclusively for residential purposes? Yes No
If No, describe the non-residential use of this property and state what portion is so used: _____

10. Date title to this property was acquired: _____ / _____ / _____ Attach copy of deed.

11. Has the owner(s) ever received, or is the owner(s) now receiving an eligible funds veterans exemption or alternative veterans exemption on property in New York State? Yes No

Fill out if Yes, and the location of the property is not listed on page 1.

Street address		
Village	City/Town	School district

12. Has the owner(s) ever received a Cold War veterans exemption on property within New York State? Yes No

Fill out if Yes, and the location of the property is not listed on page 1.

Street address	
Village	City/Town
The exemption was received in the following years	

Certification

I (we) hereby certify that all statements made on this application are true and correct to the best of my (our) knowledge and belief and I (we) understand that any willful false statement made herein will subject me (us) to the penalties prescribed therefore in the Penal Law.

All Owners Must Sign Application

Signature of owner(s)	Date
Signature of owner(s)	Date

Signature of owner(s)	Date
Signature of owner(s)	Date

Assessor's Use Only

Cold War veterans exemption (RP-458-b)	Assessment	Period of Cold War active service (10%, 15%, or ceiling max.) approved <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Service connected disability rating _____ (× 50% or ceiling max.) approved <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Total
Village				
Town/City				
County				
School				

Name of assessor	
Assessor's signature	Date



Instructions for Form RP-458-b

Application for Cold War Veterans Exemption from Real Property Taxation

General information

New York State (NYS) Real Property Tax Law section 458-b authorizes a limited exemption from real property taxes for real property owned by persons who rendered military service to the United States during the Cold War (defined as September 2, 1945, to December 26, 1991), provided such property meets the requirements set forth in the law. The task of administering this law lies primarily with local assessors who are required to pass upon each application for exemption.

These instructions are intended to assist applicants in the completion of Form RP-458-b (also available at www.tax.ny.gov), and to discuss issues concerning the Cold War Veterans' Exemption. Technical discussion has been avoided so that the material will have the widest possible usefulness. Assessors may address their questions to their Office of Real Property Tax Services (ORPTS) regional office CRM. Veterans should address their inquiries to their local office of the New York State Division of Veterans' Services (DVS) or their County Veterans' Service Agency.

NYS Real Property Tax Law section 458-b authorizes an exemption from real property taxation for qualified residential real property owned by Cold War veterans or certain members of their family based on a percentage of assessed value. The exemption is applicable to general municipal taxes and school taxes, but not special ad valorem levies, or special assessments.

Each county, city, town, village, and school district has the option of deciding whether to grant the Cold War Veterans' Exemption. You should check with your assessor to determine whether the exemption is available for your property.

A qualified residential parcel may receive an exemption equal to 10%, or at local option 15%, of its assessed value. This exemption is limited to 10 years duration unless the taxing jurisdiction has adopted the local option to eliminate the 10 year limitation. Where a veteran has received a service-connected disability rating from the Veterans' Administration or the U.S. Department of Defense, there is an additional exemption which is equal to one-half of the disability rating, multiplied by the assessed value of the property.

Each of these is subject to maximum limits set by the municipality. The municipal choices of maximum exemptions available are:

	10% option	15% option	Disability
Reduced maximums	4,000	6,000	20,000
	6,000	9,000	30,000
Basic maximums	8,000	12,000	40,000
Increased maximums	10,000	15,000	50,000
	12,000	18,000	60,000
	14,000	21,000	70,000
	16,000	24,000	80,000
	18,000	27,000	90,000
	20,000	30,000	100,000
	22,000	33,000	110,000
	24,000	36,000	120,000
	26,000	39,000	130,000
	28,000	42,000	140,000
	30,000	45,000	150,000

In *high appreciation municipalities* (defined below) the governing board may adopt still higher limits of:

	10% option	15% option	Disability
Increased maximums	26,000	39,000	130,000
	28,000	42,000	140,000
	30,000	45,000	150,000
	32,000	48,000	160,000
	34,000	51,000	170,000
	36,000	54,000	180,000
	38,000	57,000	190,000
	40,000	60,000	200,000
	42,000	63,000	210,000
	44,000	66,000	220,000
	46,000	69,000	230,000
	48,000	72,000	240,000
	50,000	75,000	250,000

A *high-appreciation municipality* means: (1) New York City, (2) a county for which ORPTS has established a sales price differential factor for purposes of the school tax relief (STAR) exemption (Real Property Tax Law section 425) for three consecutive years, or (3) a city, town, or village located within such a county. ORPTS maintains a list of such counties on its website at: www.tax.ny.gov/pit/property/star/diff.htm

You should check with your assessor to determine the maximum exemption limits in the municipalities in which you reside.

Once the taxing jurisdiction has chosen the maximum exemption amounts, the maximum amounts must then be

multiplied by the latest final state equalization rate, or, in special assessing units (i.e., New York City and Nassau County) class ratio (if the equalization rate or class ratio is 100 or less), for the assessing unit in order to arrive at the applicable maximums for each assessment roll. These rates and ratios normally change from year to year, affecting the maximum exemption amounts.

Line instructions

Lines 1 and 2 – Where the property is owned by more than one person, include names, telephone numbers, and post office addresses of all owners. Attach additional sheets if more space is necessary to answer this or any other question on this form. **Note:** if a person holds a life estate in the property, that person is the legal owner of the property. If the property is held in trust, the trustees are the legal owners of the property but the exemption also may be allowed if the beneficiary of the trust is a person in the exempt class. The trustee-beneficiary relationship should be explained on Form RP-458-b, line 4, and any additional information should be provided on the basis of the beneficiary's qualification for exemption. Attach a copy of the trust or other proof of such trustee-beneficiary relationship. At local option, a municipality may grant the exemption to otherwise qualifying owners who are tenant-stockholders of cooperative apartment corporations. The exemption is then applied to that proportion of the assessment as represents the tenant-stockholder's percentage of ownership of stock in the corporation.

Line 3 – The location of the property should conform to its description on the latest assessment roll. Contact your local assessor for assistance in furnishing this description.

Line 4 – A qualifying owner for the exemption includes a veteran of the Cold War, the spouse of such veteran, or the unremarried surviving spouse. A veteran who is also the unremarried surviving spouse of a veteran may also receive any exemption to which the deceased spouse was entitled.

Lines 5 and 6 – The veteran must have served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces between September 2, 1945, and December 26, 1991, and must have either (1) been honorably discharged or released from service or (2) received a letter from the NYS DVS stating that the veteran now meets the character of discharge criteria for all of the benefits and services listed in the Restoration of Honor Act. As proof of the dates and character of service, a copy of DD Form 214, *Report of Transfer or Discharge*, or other appropriate evidence, including the DVS letter if one was received should be attached to your application. A list of documents that are acceptable as proof of veteran status is available on our website (at www.tax.ny.gov/pit/property/exemption/vetexemptproof.htm). Submission of a state-issued *Cold War Certificate* alone is insufficient evidence of eligibility for this exemption.

Line 7 – If the additional Cold War exemption is to be granted based on service-connected disability rating, evidence of exemption eligibility must be provided by the property owner. Where an exemption has been granted pursuant to NYS Real Property Tax Law section 458-b based on the veteran's service-connected disability, the percentage of such disability must be re-certified prior to taxable status date if the disability increases or decreases (see Form RP-458-b-Dis, *Renewal Application for Cold War*

Veterans Exemption from Real Property Taxation Based on Change in Service-Connected Disability Compensation Rating). If the veteran is deceased, such rating is the last rating received prior to the veteran's death. Where the veteran died in service of a service-connected disability, the veteran is deemed to have been assigned a compensation rating of 100%. For assistance in obtaining disability rating information you should contact your local office of the New York State DVS or your County Veterans' Service Agency.

Line 8 – To obtain the Cold War Veterans' Exemption, the property must be the primary residency of the veteran or his or her unremarried surviving spouse, unless such person is absent from the property due to medical reasons or institutionalization.

Line 9 – To obtain the Cold War Veterans' Exemption, the property must be used exclusively for residential purposes. However, if a portion of the property is used for other than residential purposes, the exemption applies only to that portion which is used exclusively for residential purposes.

Line 10 – For a Cold War Veterans' Exemption, eligibility depends, in part, on who has the title to qualifying residential real property. Attach a copy of the deed to your application.

Line 11 – The defined Cold War period includes periods of war and other military engagements. If a Cold War veteran receives an Eligible Funds Veterans' Exemption (per Real Property Tax Law section 458), or an Alternative Veterans' Exemption (per Real Property Tax Law, section 458-a), the Cold War veteran may not also receive the Cold War Veterans' Exemption. For more information concerning the eligible funds exemption or alternative exemption, contact your assessor.

Line 12 – The term of the basic exemption is limited to 10 years, unless the taxing jurisdiction has adopted the local option to eliminate the 10 year limitation, therefore, you must state if you have previously received such exemption, and, if so, where and when.

Filing the application

Application for exemption must be made to the local assessors.

Where property is located in a village which assesses, separate applications must be filed with both the village and town assessors. The application must be filed on or before taxable status date. Taxable status date for most towns is March 1. In Nassau County, the taxable status date for towns is January 2. Westchester County towns have either a May 1, or June 1 taxable status date; contact the assessor. Taxable status date for most villages which assess is January 1; however, the village clerk should be consulted to insure certainty. Charter provisions control in cities so inquiry should be made of city assessors for the taxable status dates in cities. In New York City, taxable status date is January 5, but applications for this exemption may be filed on or before March 15.

Do not file the application with the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance or with ORPTS.